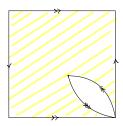
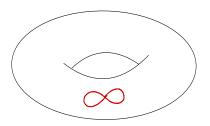
## Topology Qualification Exam, Fall 2021

## Instructions:

- (a) Please work on 8 out of 9 problems, and clearly mark which one you do not want us to grade.
- (b) You can assume homology groups and fundamental groups of a *point* and *wedges of spheres in all dimensions*. Everything else should be computed.
- 1. Prove or disprove the following:
  - (a) If X and Y are path-connected, then  $X \times Y$  is path-connected.
  - (b) If  $A \subset X$  is path-connected, then its closure  $\overline{A}$  is path-connected.
- 2. Let S be a connected metric space with metric d. Given  $p \in S$ , show that if  $S \setminus \{p\} \neq \emptyset$  then  $S \setminus \{p\}$  is not compact.
- 3. Given an example of a continuous map  $f: X \to Y$  between connected spaces that is a continuous bijection but not a homeomorphism.
- 4. (a) Compute fundamental groups of  $T^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}P^3$  (Hint: construct their universal covers.). (b) Prove there is no covering map from  $T^3$  to  $\mathbb{R}P^3$ .
- 5. Let  $\Sigma_g$  denote the surface of genus g.
  - (a) Suppose there is a degree n covering map  $f : \Sigma_g \to \Sigma_h$ . What is the relationship between g, h and n?
  - (b) Show that there is no finite covering map from  $\Sigma_{g+1}$  to  $\Sigma_g$  for g > 2.
- 6. Let X be the topological space obtained from the Klein bottle K by removing a small open disk and identifying antipodal points of the resulting boundary circle on K as in the following figure.



- (a) Use Van Kampen's theorem to find a presentation for  $\pi_1(X)$ .
- (b) Compute the homology groups using cellular homology.
- 7. Let X be the topological space obtained by gluing the boundary of a disk to a torus along a figure eight shape curve as in the following figure. Use the Mayer-Vietoris sequence to compute the homology groups of X.



- 8. (a) Compute the homology groups of  $X = S^2 \times S^4$  and  $Y = \mathbb{C}P^2 \vee S^6$ .
  - (b) Show that X and Y are not homeomorphic.
- 9. Consider the torus T in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  obtained by revolving the circle  $(y-2)^2 + z^2 = 1$  in the yz-plane around the z-axis. Let i be the map induced by 180°-rotation around the y-axis on this torus i.e.,

$$i(x, y, z) = (-x, y, -z)$$

- (a) Find a cell structure on T such that i maps cells to cells.
- (b) The quotient of T with the relation  $x \sim i(x)$  for all  $x \in T$  is an orientable surface (you do not need to show this, you can take this as given). Find the genus of this surface.