Complex Analysis Qualifying Exam — Fall 2021

All problems are of equal weight. Arrange your solutions in numerical order even if you do not solve them in that order. Show work and carefully justify/prove your assertions.

- 1. (10 points) Let f(z) be an analytic function on |z| < 1. Prove that f(z) is necessarily a constant if $f(\bar{z})$ is also analytic.
- 2. (10 points) Let $\gamma(t)$ be a piecewise smooth curve in \mathbb{C} , $t \in [0,1]$. Let F(w) be a continuous function on γ . Show that f(z) defined by

$$f(z) := \int_{\gamma} \frac{F(w)}{w - z} dw$$

is analytic on the complement of the curve γ .

3 (10 points) Suppose $n \ge 2$. Use a wedge of angle $\frac{2\pi}{n}$ to evaluate the integral

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^n} dx$$

4. (10 points) Prove that the sequence $\left(1 + \frac{z}{n}\right)^n$ converges uniformly to e^z on compact subsets of \mathbb{C} .

Hint: $e^{n \log w_n} = w_n^n$ and e^z is uniform continuous on compact subsets of \mathbb{C} .

- 5. (10 points) Assume f is an entire function such that |f(z)| = 1 on |z| = 1. Prove that $f(z) = e^{i\theta} z^n$, where θ is a real number and n a non-negative integer. [Suggestion: First use the maximum and minimum modulus theorem to show $f(z) = e^{i\theta} \prod_{k=1}^{n} \frac{z z_k}{1 \bar{z}_k z}$ if f has zeros.]
- 6. (10 points) Show that if $f: D(0, R) \to \mathbb{C}$ is holomorphic, with $|f(z)| \leq M$ for some M > 0, then

$$\left|\frac{f(z) - f(0)}{M^2 - \overline{f(0)}f(z)}\right| \le \frac{|z|}{MR}.$$

7. (10 points) Find a conformal map from the intersection of |z - 1| < 2 and |z + 1| < 2 to the upper half plane.