

By providing my signature below I acknowledge that I abide by the University's academic honesty policy. This is my work, and I did not get any help from anyone else during the exam:

Name (sign): \_\_\_\_\_

Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class Time: \_\_\_\_\_

Problem Number	Points Possible	Points Made
1	0	
2	27	
3	15	
4	15	
5	16	
6	17	
7	10	
Total:	100	

- If you need extra space use the last page.
- Please show your work. **An unjustified answer may receive little or no credit.**
- If you make use of a theorem to justify a conclusion then state the theorem used by name.
- Your work must be **neat**. This will make it easier to properly grade and give you the credit you deserve.
- The total number of possible points that is assigned for each problem is shown here. The number of points for each subproblem is shown within the exam.
- Please turn off your mobile phone.
- A calculator is not necessary, but numerical answers should be given in a form that can be directly entered into a calculator.
- Common identities:

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos(\alpha)\cos(\beta) - \sin(\alpha)\sin(\beta), \\ \sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \sin(\alpha)\cos(\beta) + \cos(\alpha)\sin(\beta).\end{aligned}$$

1. [2 Bonus] Common Knowledge: How will the win by Magdeleine Vallieres in Rwanda impact her career?

2. Determine all of the values of  $x$  for each question below that satisfy the given equation. If no values of  $x$  satisfy the equation provide a brief justification as to how you arrived at your conclusion.

(a) [5 pts]  $e^{3x+1} = 8.$

(b) [5 pts]  $\ln(x + 1) = \ln(3x - 1) + 5.$

(c) [7 pts]  $\log_2(2x + 1) + \log_2(x - 1) = 3$ .

(d) [10 pts]  $8e^{1-2x} = 4^x$ .

3. Use the properties of logarithms to answer each question below.

(a) [5 pts] Expand the expression below as far as possible so it only contains the logarithms of single terms,

$$\log_7 (7 \cdot x^4 \cdot y^{-3})$$

(Your final result should not have the logarithm of a known constant.)

(b) [5 pts] Expand the expression below as far as possible so it only contains the logarithms of single terms,

$$\log_{13} \left( x^4 \cdot \frac{w^{1/3} z^3}{\sqrt{y}} \right)$$

(Your final result should not have the logarithm of a known constant.)

(c) [5 pts] Combine the terms in the following expression into a single logarithm

$$4 \log_3(w) - \frac{1}{2} \log_3(u) + \frac{4}{7} \log_3(x).$$

4. An exponential function is given by

$$p(x) = 5 + Ae^{rx},$$

where  $A$  and  $r$  are constants.

(a) [5 pts] If  $r$  is negative and  $A$  is positive what value will  $p(x)$  get close to for very large values of  $x$ ? Provide a brief justification for your conclusion. If it does not get close to any value explain why.

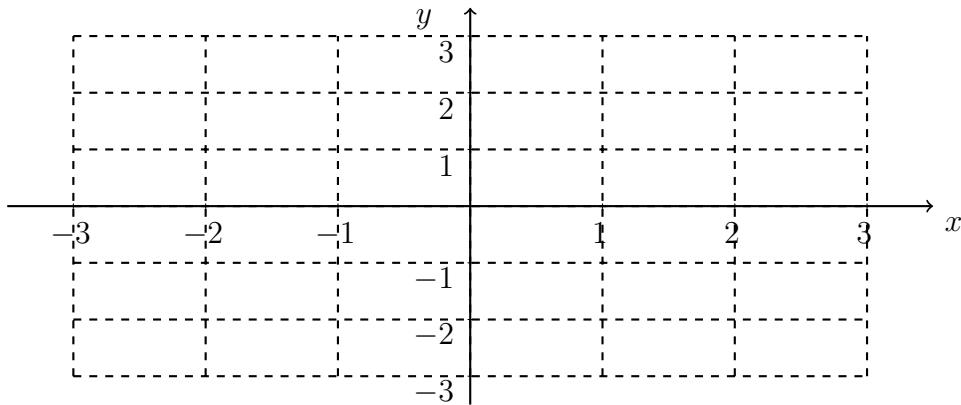
(b) [5 pts] If  $r$  is positive and  $A$  is positive what value will  $p(x)$  get close to for very large values of  $x$ ? Provide a brief justification for your conclusion. If it does not get close to any value explain why.

(c) [5 pts] In the case where  $p(0) = 3$  and  $p(10) = 4.5$  determine the values of  $A$  and  $r$ .

5. The function  $k(x)$  is defined to be

$$k(x) = \begin{cases} -2(x+1) + 1 & -2 \leq x \leq -1, \\ -(3^{-x+1}) & 0 \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases}$$

(a) [5 pts] Use the axes below to make a sketch of the function,  $k(x)$ .



(b) [5 pts] Just by using your graph provide a brief argument as to whether or not the function is one-to-one. (Do not simply state that it passes a test but explain why the function meets the necessary conditions to be one-to-one.)

(c) [6 pts] Determine the inverse of  $k(x)$ . (If the function is not one-to-one determine a restriction on the domain and then determine the inverse on the restricted domain.)

6. The body mass of a male deer is related to its normalized antler length<sup>1</sup>. The relationship can be approximated by

$$\text{antler length} = C \cdot (\text{body mass})^r,$$

where  $C$  and  $r$  are constants. It is estimated that a body mass of 20 kg results in a standardized antler length of 128mm, and a body mass of 30kg results in a standardized antler length of 164mm.

(a) [7 pts] Determine estimates of  $C$  and  $r$ .

(b) [5 pts] A deer with a mass of 25kg is captured. Determine an estimate of what its standardized antler length should be.

(c) [5 pts] Determine the function that gives the estimate for the body mass of a deer given its standardized antler length.

<sup>1</sup>Lemaître J-F, Cheynel L, Douhard F, et al. The influence of early-life allocation to antlers on male performance during adulthood: Evidence from contrasted populations of a large herbivore. *J Anim Ecol.* 2018; 87: 921–932. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1365-2656.12833>

7. [10 pts] The amount of a medication in a patient's blood stream decays exponentially as it is processed by the patient's liver. A patient is initially given a dose of 30mg of a medication, and after twelve hours 15mg is in the patient's blood stream. If the patient should receive a second dose when there is 10mg of the medication present, when should the next dose be administered?

Extra space for work. **Do not detach this page.** If you want us to consider the work on this page you should print your name, instructor and class meeting time below.

Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_ Instructor (print): \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_