By providing my signature below I acknowledge that I abide by the University's academic honesty policy. This is my work, and I did not get any help from anyone else during the exam:

Name (sign):

Student Number:

Instructor's Name:

Problem Number	Points Possible	Points Made
1	0	
2	25	
3	18	
4	10	
5	18	
6	10	
7	19	
Total:	100	

Class Time:

Name (print):

- If you need extra space use the last page.
- Please show your work. An unjustified answer may receive little or no credit.
- If you make use of a theorem to justify a conclusion then state the theorem used by name.
- Your work must be **neat**. If I can't read it (or can't find it), I can't grade it.
- The total number of possible points that is assigned for each problem is shown here. The number of points for each subproblem is shown within the exam.
- Please turn off your mobile phone.
- A calculator is not necessary, but numerical answers should be given in a form that can be directly entered into a calculator.
- Common identities:

$$cos(\alpha + \beta) = cos(\alpha) cos(\beta) - sin(\alpha) sin(\beta),$$

$$sin(\alpha + \beta) = sin(\alpha) cos(\beta) + cos(\alpha) sin(\beta).$$

1. [2 Bonus] Common Knowledge: Will Emma Norsgaard Bjerg be able to build on her success from 2023 in the 2024 cycling season?

- 2. Determine all of the values of x for each question below that satisfy the given equation. If no values of x satisfy the equation provide a brief justification as to how you arrived at your conclusion.
 - (a) [6 pts] $e^{5-3x} = 2.$

(b) [6 pts] $2\log_4(x) + 1 = 4.$

(c) [6 pts]
$$\frac{\ln(x+1)}{\ln(1-x)} = 2.$$

(d) [7 pts]
$$2 \cdot 3^{1-2x} = 7 \cdot 6^{4+x}$$
.

3. The questions below refer to the function

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x - 1$$

(a) [6 pts] Make a rough sketch of the function using the aces below:



(b) [6 pts] Determine the asymptotes of p(x).

(c) [6 pts] Determine any x-intercepts and y-intercepts of p(x).

4. [10 pts] The function Am is defined by

$$Am(t) = A + B\log(x+10).$$

The graph of the function goes through the points (0,5) and (10,7). Determine the values of A and B.

5. The function h(x) is defined by

 $h(x) = e^{2x} + 1.$

(a) [6 pts] Show that the function is one-to-one.

(b) [6 pts] Determine the inverse of the function.

(c) [6 pts] Verify your answer in the previous question is the inverse using function composition.

6. [10 pts] A bank offers an account that has a 3.5% annual interest rate, compounded monthly. How long will it take for an initial balance to double in value?

7. The number of animals in a park follows a logistic model,

$$P(t) = \frac{C}{1+20e^{-rt}}.$$

The initial population is 1,000 animals, and three years later the population is estimated to be 1,200 animals.

(a) [7 pts] What are the values of C and r?

(b) [7 pts] How long will it take for the population to reach 1,300 animals?

(c) [5 pts] What will the population be after a very long time?

Extra space for work. **Do not detach this page.** If you want us to consider the work on this page you should print your name, instructor and class meeting time below.

Name (print): _____ Instructor (print): _____ Time: _____